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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/763,779	01/22/2004	Qing Ma	42.P10077D2	7939	
7590 10/12/2005			EXAMINER		
Todd M. Becker			DOUGHERTY, THOMAS M		
BLAKELY, SO	KOLOFF, TAYLOR & 2	ZAFMAN LLP			
Seventh Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
12400 Wilshire Boulevard			2834		
Los Angeles, C	CA 90025-1026			•	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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			Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/763,779	MA ET AL.					
			Examiner	Art Unit				
			Thomas M. Dougherty	2834				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	on appe	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence ad	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILInsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DA CFR 1.136 tion. y period will by statute, o	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO	ON.  It imely filed  Tom the mailing date of this of the mailing date of this of the control of				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	10 Jui	ne 2005.					
· _	_		action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for a	_		prosecution as to the	e merits is			
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Dienociti	on of Claims		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
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•	Claim(s) 29-38 is/are pending in the app							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) <u>29-38</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 22 January 2004	is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b) object	ed to by the Examir	er.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection	to the d	rawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the				FR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Exa	miner. Note the attached Offi	ce Action or form P	ΓΟ-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents of the priority documents. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Elee the attached detailed Office action for	uments uments e priorit Bureau	have been received. have been received in Applic ty documents have been rece (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National	Stage			
2)  Notic 3)  Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ r No(s)/Mail Date <u>605</u> .		4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:		O-152)			

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 29 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Heinouchi (US 5,913,244). Heinouchi shows (fig. 2) a resonator comprising: an oscillator member (12) disposed upon an oscillator pedestal (32); and a structure (e.g. 26a) positioned on the oscillator member (12); the structure (26a) being separated from the oscillator member (12) by a protective pad (e.g. 30a).

The structure comprises a pattern of spaced-apart stacks (on top of the oscillator and on the bottom of the oscillator) disposed upon the oscillator member (12).

Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bouche et al. (EP 1 468 960). Bouche et al. show (fig. 2) a microresonator (see title) comprising: an oscillator member (2) disposed upon an oscillator pedestal (11); and a structure (3) positioned on the oscillator member (2), the structure (3) being separated from the oscillator member (2) by a protective pad (4).

The structure comprises a pattern of spaced-apart stacks (on top of the oscillator and on the bottom of the oscillator) disposed upon the oscillator member (12).

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 30, 32 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heinouchi (US 5,913,244) or Bouche et al. (EP 1 468 960). Heinouchi and Bouche et al. do not note whether their protective pad is made form aluminum, an aluminum allow, silver, a silver alloy, indium, or an indium alloy. It is not noted if the protective pad is made from aluminum, an aluminum alloy, silver, a silver alloy, indium, or an indium alloy, a refractory metal, a refractory metal oxide, a refractory metal silicide, a refractory metal nitride, or combinations thereof. It is not known whether or not the oscillator member is made of a material selected from polysilicon, a metal, a metal nitride, a metal oxide, a metal silicide, or combinations thereof.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ such materials in the device of Heinouchi or Bouche et al. at the time of either invention since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Claims 34-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heinouchi (US 5,913,244) further in view of Staudte (US 3,683,213). Heinouchi shows (fig. 2) a resonator system comprising: an oscillator (12) having an input (see col. 4, II. 51-54 where he notes driving the device) and an output (see col. 5, II. 15-22 where he

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notes output) and comprising: an oscillator member (12) suspended, a structure (e.g. 30a, 30b) positioned on the oscillator member (12); an input circuit (inherent since the device is noted as being driven) connected to the input; and an output circuit (again this is inherent as the device is noted as having an output and a detection means) connected to the output.

Heinouchi's structure comprises a pattern of spaced-apart stacks (note structures laminated on opposing sides of the oscillator member) disposed upon the oscillator member (12).

Heinouchi does not specifically note that his device is a microresonator.

Heinouchi does not show a substrate.

Heinouchi does not note if the protective pad is made from aluminum, an aluminum alloy, silver, a silver alloy, indium, or an indium alloy, a refractory metal, a refractory metal oxide, a refractory metal silicide, a refractory metal nitride, or combinations thereof. It is not known whether or not the oscillator member is made of a material selected from polysilicon, a metal, a metal nitride, a metal oxide, a metal silicide, or combinations thereof.

Staudte shows (figs. 2, 5 and 9) a microresonator system comprising: a micro-oscillator (40) having an input (24) and an output (23) and comprising: an oscillator member (40) suspended above a substrate (53), a structure (50a, 50b) positioned on the oscillator member (12); an input circuit (see fig. 9) connected to the input; and an output circuit (see figure 9) connected to the output.

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Staudte doesn't show the structure (50a, 50b) being separated from the oscillator member (40) by a protective pad.

Staudte does not note if the protective pad is made from aluminum, an aluminum alloy, silver, a silver alloy, indium, or an indium alloy, a refractory metal, a refractory metal oxide, a refractory metal silicide, a refractory metal nitride, or combinations thereof. It is not known whether or not the oscillator member is made of a material selected from polysilicon, a metal, a metal nitride, a metal oxide, a metal silicide, or combinations thereof.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ a substrate in the device of Heinouchi at the time of his invention in order to provide a means to mount the pedestal, such as Staudte shows. It would further have been obvious to provide a microresonator device as opposed to a resonator device, such as Staudte teaches, since it has been held that a change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ such materials as recited above in the combined device of Heinouchi Staudte at the time either invention was made since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

## Conclusion

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The remaining prior art cited reads on some aspects of the claimed invention.

Direct inquiry to Examiner Dougherty at (571) 272-2022.

tmd

September 22, 2005

TOM DOUGHERTY PRIMARY EXAMINER